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**THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.**

A National Convention of the Republican party will meet at Chicago, Wednesday, the 21st day of June next, for the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President at the next election.  
Representatives, and all who will co-operate with them in supporting the nominees of the party, are invited to choose two delegates from each Congressional District, four at large from each State, two from each Territory, and two from the District of Columbia, to represent them in the Convention.  
J. D. CAMERON, Chairman.  
THOMAS B. KEOGH, Secretary.

**REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.**

Rooms of the  
REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE,  
MILWAUKEE, February 14, 1880.  
A State Convention of delegates representing the Republican party of Wisconsin, and of all who will co-operate with them in supporting the nominees of the party, is hereby called to meet at the Capitol in Madison, at twelve o'clock M., on Wednesday, May 20th, 1880, for the purpose of placing in nomination an electoral ticket of ten electors to be supported by the party at the next Presidential election, and also to select twenty delegates, (two from each Congressional district and four from the State at large,) to represent the Republican party of Wisconsin in the National Republican Convention, which is called to meet at Chicago on the 21st day of June, A. D. 1880, and to transact such other business as may be deemed necessary.  
Each State and Assembly District is entitled to two delegates in the Convention.

R. H. BAKER, Chairman,  
CHAS. LUDWIG,  
T. D. WELLS,  
H. PALMER,  
J. H. KAYNE,  
P. L. SPOONER, Jr.,  
J. H. WAGONER,  
E. BOWEN,  
J. R. BRIDGMAN,  
L. F. FISKEY,  
State Central Committee.

The fate of the Democratic party will be decided at the Republican Convention in Chicago.

It is said that Tilden is losing his strength. Does that mean that his barrel is growing less?

Congressman Williams is one of the Vice Presidents of the Blaine Club just organized in Washington.

Six cents got the upper hand of the Chicago Times, and at last it has been compelled to reduce the price to five cents.

The Republicans wish that Tilden might be nominated, but the Democrats will not reciprocate by wishes that Blaine or Grant will be put up at the Chicago Convention.

Senator Carpenter is for Grant for President, and the rumor is afloat in Washington, though there is no truth in it, that he has promised the Wisconsin delegation to Grant.

The "Medical Bill," a brief synopsis of which was published in the Gazette some time ago, and which seeks to give the State Medical Society the contract of furnishing the State with physicians, will go where some of Jim Fisk's stocks went—"where the woodbine twined." It will go where it belongs.

A very destructive fire visited Chicago on Sunday night, which destroyed an immense warehouse involving a loss of nearly half a million dollars. The building was used for general storage purposes, and was also used by the Government as a bonded warehouse for the storage of imported goods on which the duties had not been paid. Field & Leiter had \$200,000 worth of goods in storage and all was lost. J. V. Farwell & Co. lost \$75,000. The contents of the warehouse are roughly estimated at \$400,000. The insurance held by Field & Leiter, and by Farwell & Co., was large, and will probably cover the loss.

A few days ago the Gazette gave several instances in which it was known that human hair had grown on a body after death. Another case is given by Mr. R. T. Crane, of Beloit, who writes what came under his own observation many years ago. His father died in Beloit in 1839, and was buried in the cemetery at that place. Some fourteen years after it was found necessary to remove the body, as that part of the cemetery was to be used in an alley. When the body was reached it was found that the hair of the head had grown through the head of the coffin into the earth three or four inches. The flesh of the body was all consumed but the scalp was left, and it was supposed at the time that the hair had preserved it. Still another case is reported. In March, 1863, a young lady died, and a little more than two years afterwards the body was removed to another cemetery. The remains were examined and found to be in almost as perfect a condition as when interred more than two years before. It is remarkable that where her hands were crossed upon her breast, her hair was under her hands, and had grown so it doubled over her arms. The hair seemed to be in a healthy condition.

**THE LEGISLATURE.**

Jeoparding from the amount of business now before the Legislature, an adjournment will not take place before the 10th of March, and it may be later than that. If the winter gives promise of an early breaking up, however, the forty or fifty farmers in the Legislature will "hurry up things," and it is probable that all the business will be finished up by the second week of next month. Among the important measures yet to be considered are the interest bill, the question of capital punishment which will occupy much time and create a good deal of talk in both houses, the biennial session resolution, which is now before the Senate, and the proposition to tax church property and railways. There are a number of other measures yet to be considered, but they

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It is not at all probable that the Municipal court bill will pass the Legislature in its present shape. On Thursday last the Gazette published two of the most important and objectionable sections of the bill. It is not the intention of the Rock county delegation to whom the bill was referred, to allow it to pass without very material amendments. Dr. Lord, who introduced the bill, takes a common sense view of the question. While he thinks a Municipal Court is necessary, and would make the cost of trying criminals much less than the present system, he is not in favor of establishing a court which would be a discredit to the county, or which would impose an unjust percentage of the cost of maintaining it on the city of Janesville. In one particular, especially, he advises that all the fines and penalties go into the county treasury, and all the expenses of the Court be paid by the county. He also suggests, and the suggestion is a good one, that the Legislature fix the salary of the Judge. If this were left to the Common Council of Janesville, and the County Board of Supervisors, the salary would be so low that a first class lawyer could not afford to take the position, and consequently a cheap man would get the office, and the Court would be a disonor to the name of justice. To give the Court dignity and honor, it should be presided over by a man of ability and character. The Court would then be a credit to the county, and would be an economical one. To get any other kind of a man would be to establish a court of the order of that over which James Armstrong once presided in this city—a court that selected its juries from loafers, and one that was discreditable to the city.

There are other features of the bill which will undergo very marked changes before it is reported from the committee. Should the bill pass at all, it will pass in a shape which will be satisfactory to the people of the city and county. Neither Dr. Lord nor Mr. Burdge, who represent the county outside of the city, desire that a bill shall pass which meets with the approval of all our heavy taxpayers. They have consulted with Senator Richardson and Assemblyman Lawrence on the subject, and all have concurred with many of our citizens, and the result is that there will be a harmony of feeling as well as of interest, regarding the Municipal Court bill.

**BLAINE'S DECLARATION.**

For more than a week past the friends of the Grant movement in Washington have been busily circulating the report that Senator Blaine would accept the second place on the ticket with General Grant, providing there was an overwhelming majority in the National Convention for the General. This report became so thoroughly scattered that Blaine himself has seen fit to place the seal of condemnation upon it. He is not willing to be the tail to the Presidential kite, and if he fails to receive the nomination for the Presidency, he will remain in the Senate. He announces that he is a candidate for the place—openly and aggressively, and will, to the utmost of his power, contest for the nomination. His friends will make a vigorous campaign for him between this time and the 21 of June. Blaine clubs will be formed in every town in the United States, documents will be extensively circulated, and the canvass will partake of the brilliant spirit, dash and energy of the Senator from Maine.

Judging this to be Mr. Blaine's position and determination, the Republican National Convention will be the scene of a mighty contest. It is hardly probable that with three or four candidates in the field any one will receive a majority of the votes on the first or second ballot. If the vote for Grant and Blaine should be pretty equally divided, and there should be a sufficient number cast for Sherman and Edmunds to prevent a nomination, then the contest will be one of powerful interest. It will be a vigorous fight, but not a bitter one. The question is whether General Grant, who has said that he would enter into no fight for the nomination, will permit his name to be used in this way. He has given his friends to understand that if the nominations were tendered him by a large majority of the Convention, he would feel compelled to accept, otherwise not. Whether the managers for General Grant will hold their ground and fight it out on that line until one or the other of the candidates is crushed by the Convention, is not easy to be conjectured. We do not believe that there is any disposition on the part of General Grant himself to enter into a bitter contest with Senator Blaine. It would be dishonorable for him to allow himself to be caught in a scramble for the nomination. Although Blaine will make an open fight for the prize, and the friends of Grant headed by Cameron will press hard his nomination, the result will not disturb the harmony that now exists in the Republican party regarding its principles and its mission.

**MURDER AND SUICIDE.**

**Supposed Suicide of Cyrus T. Hawley of Milwaukee—Remarkable Retention of His Family.**

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 15.—One of the most sensational tragedies that ever occurred in this city, because of the prominence of the unfortunate gentleman to whom it happened, and because of the mystery thrown about it by his friends, who are the first people of Milwaukee, started the town this afternoon. The first report was that Cyrus T. Hawley of No. 2400 Grand avenue, had committed suicide by shooting himself. Then it was stated that the shooting was accidental, and then all sorts of contradictory reports were put in circulation. An immediate investigation of the affair proved entirely unsatisfactory, for Mr. Hawley's relatives and friends were determined that the press should discover as little as possible about the occurrence. The only statement vouchsafed was that this afternoon Mrs. Hawley heard a loud report in one of the upper rooms of the family mansion, and on going to learn the cause was stupefied with horror to find her husband seated in an arm chair with a large revolver in his hand, and blood pouring down his face from a wound in the head. Several prominent physicians were immediately summoned. On their arrival they found Mr. Hawley yet alive, but with a fatal wound in the right side of his head. The bullet had entered the side of the head about an inch with the eye, and had passed upward and out at the top of the head. The physicians pronounced the wound fatal, but say that Mr. Hawley may live a few hours or even a day or so longer. The mystery of the affair began with the attempt of the reporters to discover whether Mr. Hawley had committed suicide or not, and it is understood that the local press will treat that subject as an open question. However, the Times reporter cannot discover any reason why Mr. Hawley should take his own life, although, since the affair has been made public there are the usual rumors about domestic infelicity, intemperance habits, etc. Mr. Hawley was about 40 years old, and inherited a goodly fortune. The estate is one of the largest in this city. He was in splendid health, and was one of the most careful and earnest scientific students in the northwest. In fact, in matters of science his name is known all over the Union. He is a member of the leading scientific or arcticological societies in this country. The most suspicious element in the unfortunate affair is the unwillingness of Mr. Hawley's relatives to give reporters an opportunity to learn all the facts in the case. Mr. Hawley's associates are the first people of the city, and those of his friends who have been interviewed pronounce the idea of his suicide entirely beyond their comprehension. His wealth afforded a princely living without even business cares. Mr. Hawley's father was Hon. Cyrus Hawley, who came many years ago from Hampton, Connecticut. At a late hour Mr. Hawley was alive, but can not live.

BARABOO, Feb. 15.—One Twist, residing about twenty miles from here, came to town Saturday, and, entering the hardware store of Stalman and Hudson, asked to look at their revolvers. He then asked the clerk to show him how to load it. The loaded revolver was immediately placed in his hand, and discharged the contents through his heart, causing almost immediate death. Mr. Twist was about 35 years old, and had been a man of considerable ability, having been a teacher in the district schools of our county for a number of years, and was well and favorably known throughout the county. As yet no reason can be found for this rash act.

**DILLINGHAM.**

**Death of the Wretch Who Murdered His Aunt at Londonderry.**

BOSTON, Feb. 15.—A special from Portsmouth, New Hampshire, says that Frank Dillingham, the young man who murdered his aunt at Londonderry, N. H., last Saturday, died to-day from the effects of his self-inflicted wound. A post mortem examination revealed the pistol ball lodged in the anterior lobe of his brain. During his confinement in the prison he was asked

**MISCELLANEOUS.**







ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS IN THIS COLUMN are inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line. No advertisement less than 10 cents. Four lines one week 75 cents.

NEW BLANKS.

AFFIDAVIT FOR ORDER OF PUBLICATION OF SUMMONS, AND ORDER FOR PUBLICATION OF SUMMONS IN CIRCUIT COURT. This blank has been carefully prepared by Judge Cooper, and for sale at Gazette Office.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-A SET OF COUNTER SCALES as good as new. Price Ten Dollars. Call on GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE-TWO LOTS ON BLUFF STREET containing John Chas. Will be sold on easy terms.

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THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1880.

THE COLORED JANITOR.

A Negro in the White House-His Long Service and His Penitentials-What He Says About Presidents and Their Mode of Living.

Chicago Times.

Regular visitors at the White House may have noticed at the door of Secretary Rogers' room a fat, dark-skinned, curly-headed, good natured looking negro, who answers Mr. Rogers' bell and carries in the cards of those who call. This is Arthur Simmons. For fifteen years he has been in continual service at the executive mansion. He never mokes and never absent. Let the weather and everything else be what they may, it makes no difference to him. He is at his door all the same. There is probably not a man in the United States of any degree of prominence or note that Arthur does not know. He has seen them all pass in and out of the Presidential mansion. He has been a witness to all the changes that have taken place there, and all the ups and downs of political vicissitudes, since Lincoln's time. He has been conversant with all the public questions and prominent events of the capital during his term of service, and in most of those happenings he has borne a humble part. He knows all the public men who have been in Congress and politics for many a day, and they all know him and greet him with a pleasant word. Senator Cockrell, of Missouri, says he is one of his constituents, and as Arthur says, "That's the way it goes; it makes no difference whether they are Democrats or Republicans, they all know me." Arthur was

BORN A SLAVE

down in North Carolina, and after being kicked and cuffed about in that capacity during his boyhood was afterward made a body servant to Colonel Ritchie, and was with him during a portion of the war. He still has vivid recollections of his early life in North Carolina. He was allowed more privileges than the majority of slaves, and was consequently looked upon by them with something of envy. While in the house of Mr. Ritchie he paid considerable attention to books, and by his patience and industry, aided by the kindness of the children in the house, he learned to read. He has since greatly improved himself in that respect, and is now better educated than many white people who have had all the advantages of free schools. Being

GIVEN HIS LIBERTY

by Mr. Ritchie, he was made body servant to Colonel Ritchie, who was then stationed at Newberne. He followed him to the war, and was with him at the battle of Port Hudson and all through Louisiana. Arthur came with him to Washington, and remained with him for six months at General Augur's headquarters, and then enlisted in the regular service. He was now a United States soldier, but did little fighting, for soon after his enlistment he was detailed for duty at the white house. He says he is not very sorry that he was not in the war, "Cause, you know, I might have been killed, and I don't want to die," Arthur said his appearance

AT THE WHITE HOUSE

during the second administration of President Lincoln. He has pleasant remembrances of "Old Abe" and his simple, kindly manners. Some of his recollections of Mrs. Lincoln are not quite so pleasant. Mrs. Lincoln, he says, had a temper not always calm and serene. She was very often an invalid, that fact detracted somewhat from the amiability of her disposition. When in these crusty moods she was in the habit of stirring up the boys around the house, and laughing at them, and with discharge if they didn't hurry matters up and around lively. "I recollect," said Arthur, "the last time that Mr. Lincoln visited Old Point Comfort. We were loading the baggage and other traps into the wagon, when Mrs. Lincoln came out on the porch, and in a loud voice called out: 'If you boys don't hurry up and get those things down to wharf, I'll have every one of you discharged.' I was a little green round the white house then," says Arthur, "and she kind of scolded me, and the way I jerked those trunks down the stairs was a caution; but old Tom Dodson, who had been on duty for several years, and knew Mrs. Lincoln better, said: 'Oh! don't you mind her; that's her way; she's always discharging some of us; you'll get used to her scolding.' But I stepped around quick just the same.

SIMMONS DESCRIBES PRESIDENT LINCOLN

as a hard worker, plain and simple in his manners, and a good story teller. Zach Chandler, who was a constant visitor at the White House in those days, and when he and Dick Yates, Ben Wade, Lyman Trumbull and some men made up a party to go to the theatre, they were generally a happy time. There was not much entertaining going on then, for it was during the

EXCITING TIMES

of the war. Everything was quiet, solemn, and gloomy. The President went about with a sad, careworn expression. Senators and members were running in and out at all hours, and very private consultations were taking place. Zach Chandler called often and stayed longer, but there was not so much laughter as his calls occasioned in former days. The grounds of the White House were filled with troops, kept there constantly in guard. These troops remained about the mansion until they were removed by General Grant.

ARTHUR SAYS

that President Johnson was a very kind-hearted, simple-mannered man, who treated people about the White House very well, and always spoke highly of Mr. Lincoln. No one ever could change him after his mind was once made up. He knew when he was right and always meant what he said. Johnson, like Lincoln, was a hard worker. He rose early in the morning and did a great deal of routine business during the day. At 1 o'clock he always took a lunch of corn-bread and buttermilk, and then went back to work. He took very little interest in the matter of his impeachment; he said that he was not afraid, and they could do as they pleased. One day when Johnson was putting away his usual quota of buttermilk and corn-bread, his military secretary, Colonel Moore, came in. He had just been to the capital.

"MR. PRESIDENT," SAID HE, "THE HOUSE HAS JUST PRESENTED ARTICLES OF IMPEACHMENT AGAINST YOU."

"Let them impeach and be damned," said Johnson, and he went on with his lunch.

DURING JOHNSON'S ADMINISTRATION

many pleasant social events took place. The cabinet were all on very friendly terms, and their meetings always ended in a pleasant social chat. Mrs. Johnson, who was an invalid, was not in the habit of receiving, but she had a very kind heart, and everyone about the house was treated well. On cabinet days she generally had a lunch set out in the dining room, and after the questions of state were settled the lunch was discussed.

ARTHUR REMEMBERS VERY WELL A DINNER GIVEN BY PRESIDENT JOHNSON TO THE MEMBERS OF A PARTY OF

when he first touched it: "Whoopie, Chinaman eat ice-cream, fuzzy belly alle same like ice waga."

One of the handsomest parties given by Johnson was in honor of his little grandchildren. There were nearly five hundred children and they danced in the east room, Arthur says: "Mr. Johnson just let himself out that time. He came down in the parlor, and I declare he acted almost as happy as a child himself. I don't know whether Mr. Johnson should have been impeached or not, but he always treated me kind, and so I am glad he wasn't." As Arthur tells it, there was a great deal of entertaining when Mr. Johnson was President, but he says that the time for nice parties and

SWELL RECEPTIONS

was when the Grant administration came in. When asked for his opinion of Grant, Arthur was careful enough to say that he liked him, as he did the rest of the presidents under whom he had served, "for, of course you know he treated me very kindly, and so of course I had nothing against him." "I tell you," says Arthur, "I have a good word for all of them, cause, you know, they all treated me well and kept me in my position. Now, when General Grant came, you know, I was out of service, and was getting paid as a messenger. I went to the general and told him I wanted to remain in my place, while he was president. 'Oh, well,' said he, without looking up from his paper, 'You shall stay.' He thinks that the

FINEST SOCIAL EVENT

he ever witnessed at the white house during Grant's administration was the occasion of Nellie Grant's marriage. The faithful negro is proud of the fact that during his fifteen years of service, with four different presidents, he has never been censured for any act of his. Every one, from the president down to the clerks and messenger, have implicit faith in him, and trust him in everything. As proof of this he says that when Nellie Grant was married Colonel Babcock gave him \$5,000 in cash to carry to the treasury to be converted into gold, as a wedding present from General Grant to his daughter. Arthur took the money, went to the treasury, and brought back the gold, correct to a cent. As he says himself, "I indeed no one ever suspects me; I have been here too long. Although some of the boys did say that I gave out the president's message, but indeed that ain't so. I could have done it, though, for I tied them all up in packages, ready to be mailed, and I distributed lots of them around town, but, of course, you know, I counted every one; and when they were delivered, I brought back a receipt every time."

ARTHUR TELLS WITH A GOOD DEAL OF SATISFACTION HOW HE ONCE OBTAINED

A FREE RIDE TO ST. LOUIS, and return, besides staying in that city for a week, with all his expenses paid. It was during the time of the "whisky ring" trials. He was supposed to be a good witness on account of having handled all the telegrams that came to the president's private secretary. He says: "I was subpoenaed as a witness in the trials at St. Louis; so I went down there. I rode in the same car with the rest of the passengers, and, of course, I had a nice time. When the trial came off, and Arthur Simmons' name was called, I took the stand. The attorney said: 'What do you know about these telegrams?' I told him, 'I don't know anything.' 'What did you do with them when they came?' 'Well, if they were addressed to Colonel Babcock I gave them to him; if they were for somebody else they got 'em. I can't remember what I did with all the telegrams that came there in those days.' 'That's all,' said the judge, and I was discharged. I loaded 'round the town for a week, at a first class boarding house, and then came back to Washington."

THIS AFRICAN HAS A LONG HEAD AND IS A GOOD MANAGER. HE HAS BEEN CAREFUL OF THE MONEY HE HAS SAVED DURING HIS LONG

term at the Presidential door, and is now in very

COMFORTABLE CIRCUMSTANCES

He owns a neat two story brick house on "L" street, which is very well fitted up. The parlor contains a good piano and several other articles of ornament and value. On the walls, in tasteful frames, hang the pictures of three of the presidents whom he has known-Johnson, Lincoln, and Grant. These were given him personally by the originals of the pictures. President Hayes presented him with a cabinet picture of himself, which he will have placed in a frame and placed by the side of his other presidential friends. He is very proud of his "gaily-ry," and will leave it as a legacy to his children. Arthur was married to a Washington girl, and they have several bright dark-skinned, curly-headed young Simmons-"all going to school and learning more than their father ever knew."

MISCELLANEOUS.

DOOMED!

HIGH PRICES ON

Boots and Shoes, The Best Paper in Southern Wisc's in

Gloves and Mittens

AND IT ALSO

HAS A LARGE CIRCULATION

In addition to these recommendations the paper offers the advantages and attractions of being the

largest and handsomest paper in the State. We invite the attention of everybody interested

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Ladies' Cloaks at New York Cost.

TWO HUNDRED CLOAKS AND DOLMANS!

To be Slaughtered before the First of January.

!CLOAKS!

FROM \$3.00 TO \$10.00, AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF ALL GRADES

ALSO 500 WOOL AND PAISLEY

SEA WLS!

AT PRICES CLEAR BELOW ANY BEFORE OFFERED.

PEOPLE BUYING CLOAKS OR SHAWLS

Will find this a rare chance to select one.

Two Cases More of the Celebrated Merrimac W Prints,

AT THE OLD PRICE OF TEN CENTS.

RESPECTFULLY,

SMITH & BOSTWICK.

THE

Janesville Gazette

Newsaper and Job Printing Establishment.

Various Extensive and Important Improvement

have recently been completed in the material of the office.

THE JANEVILLE GAZETTE.

DAILY, SEMI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY Editions.

has the reputation of being

THE BEST PAPER IN SOUTHERN WISC'S IN

AND IT ALSO

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In addition to these recommendations the paper offers the advantages and attractions of being the

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## BRIEFLETS.

—Militia meetings to-night.  
—Mr. Noah Newell is no better to-day.  
—Mr. Eble is somewhat better to-day.  
—Regular meeting of the Mutual Improvers this evening.

—The lamp-post planters gather at the Council Chamber this evening.

—Rev. T. P. Sawin lectures this evening at Cannon's hall.

—One Holmes has been doing some scene painting for the variety show.

—A wedding in the first ward will this week be among the events to be chronicled.

—Five cents will admit you to the apron sale at Cannon's hall on Wednesday evening.

—Rev. Mr. Chapell will lecture before the theological students in Chicago this week.

—A dashing new stage has been put on the Beloit route. It is a big improvement.

—Judge C. R. Gibbs, of Whitewater, was among the callers at the Gazette office to-day.

—Mr. Robbins seems to be getting along nicely, and passed rather a comfortable Sunday.

—The Glee Club is said to have cleared \$34 from their entertainment. No wonder they are gleeful.

—The Chinamen washee-men are going the rounds of the churches, seeing which English they can best understand.

—M. D. L. Fuller, an attorney at Plymouth, Sheboygan county, and one of the alumni of Milton college, was in the city to-day.

—The lecture of the Rev. T. P. Sawin, in Cannon's hall this evening, on the "British Policy in South Africa," will be one full of interest to all. Admission 10 cents.

—Assemblyman Burdge, Lord and Lawrence, and Senator Richardson were among the callers at the Gazette office Saturday afternoon, forming quite a legislative gathering.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Haselton desire to return thanks for the many kind expressions of sympathy and many acts of friendliness of which they have been the recipients during their sad affliction.

—Brother Carr, of the Jefferson County Banner, called upon us Saturday afternoon on his way to Monroe, where his wife, who is in very poor health, has been stopping with friends for some months past.

—Two tramps were this morning given twenty and thirty days respectively. It's too bad for them to lose time such weather as this, as they might be able to get quite a distance from Janesville before it storms again.

—During last week there were issued at the money order department of the post-office here 109 orders amounting to \$1232.30, and 80 orders paid amounting to \$1273.22, making a total of cash handled, \$2505.52.

—Tim O'Rourke feels better. He complained a few days ago of the Allen brothers and of Mr. Fish for leaving unprotected holes in the ice of the river. This morning Justice Pritchard assessed each of them \$1 and costs.

—The Circuit Court stands adjourned to the 23d inst., and as this is a legal holiday, it is claimed that the court cannot meet even for adjournment on that date but that all cases will have to adjourn until the April term.

—The ice wagons of Hogboom & Atwood made a street parade this morning as they were taken from the shops to the barn. Their gay appearance caused a small boy to yell at one of the drivers—"Say mister where's the fire?"

—The dealers in valentines won't have to carry over as many as last year. The trade hasn't all dropped off yet, as some seem disposed to "pay back" for what they have received, but this trade is only a dripping to the rush of Saturday.

—There was received at the telegraph office here to-day a telegram from Rotterdam, Holland, containing thirteen words, the charges on which were only \$4.64. Under the old rates, before the slashing commenced, they would have been \$13.

—William Spaulding and the Joseph Spaulding estate have placed in the Oak-hill cemetery a massive monument, made of Quincy granite. It weighs 24,000 pounds, and required two cars to bring it here from the East. It is one of the most imposing monuments ever placed in this cemetery.

—Miss Guernsey's readings at the Opera house this evening promise to prove as enjoyable an entertainment as has been presented here in a long time. There will also be some choice music by Prof. C. G. Titcomb, Miss Jessie Crosby, Mrs. H. A. Smith, Mrs. C. B. Conrad, and Miss Hattie A. Dearborn.

—Dr. Buckmaster, of the Madison Asylum, spent Sunday in the city and will not return until to-morrow. He reports that Dr. King has not definitely decided just when he will start for Europe, but probably about the first of March, and he will visit Janesville friends before leaving for the other side of the waters.

—Rev. F. L. Chapell will spend a part of this week visiting Chicago and vicinity. He is engaged for two lectures to the theological students at Morgan Park, the subjects being "The Names of the Deity," and "The Septuagint as a Means of New Testament Interpretation." He will also look in, for a little, on old friends at Evanston.

—Dug King has brought back from "Injany" a new adjective—"bloomin'," which he says forms the largest part of a Hoosier vocabulary. If a horse is fast, or the weather clear, or a girl handsome, they throw aside all other adjectives, and content themselves with saying, "It's a 'bloomin' day.'" In fact "bloomin'" is just "a boom!"

—Courtney, who attempted suicide, is still alive, and seems to be gaining, but the home has been saddened by the death of their little three year old daughter, which occurred yesterday morning. The child has been sick for some weeks, and for several days has been deemed in a

dangerous condition, so that death was not altogether unlooked for.

—A. W. Baldwin left to-day for Milwaukee to attend the meeting of the Grand Commandery to-night, and that of the Grand Royal Arch Chapter to-morrow, and the Grand Lodge of the Royal Arcanum next Thursday. Dr. C. Loftis Martin is also one of the chosen Masonic delegates. Rev. T. P. Sawin and T. Farnsworth, Esq., are also delegates to the meeting of the Arcanum.

—For two or three months the officers have had a warrant for a young man named James living in Center, the alleged offense being a petty assault and battery.

Some of the officers went to the house but the young man slid out. To-day he was in the city, and the officers spying him started to arrest him, but he jumped into a wagon, and away he went, the horses on the gallop, and nearly climbing over the constabulary force who tried to check them.

—Justice Wickham has finished up the town of Porter assault and battery cases. Ted McCarthy, who was charged with an assault upon Walt Wheeler, was found guilty and fined \$1 and costs, but the costs amounted to \$35. McCarthy also had Wheeler arrested for assault, and each had the other arrested for carrying concealed weapons, and there was a complication of charges and counter charges, but they were all settled, and the disputants made up and shook hands as friends again. [The whole affair cost McCarthy about \$60.]

—The first alarm of fire since the [23d] of October last was sounded by the whistle at the round house Saturday night, and in response the fire department turned out in as speedy time as has ever marked their record, which is rather strange considering the lack of practice which has been theirs of late. The alarm was caused by a burning chimney of a house owned by Anthony Powers in the Fourth ward. There was no damage. The alarm brought out the fact that though not called on in months the fire lads don't get sleepy but are on hand when wanted.

—Miss Minnie Holdrege has been at home for a week past, but has been kept to her room by illness, so that she could not see her friends. She has now so far recovered as to be able to fill her engagements for readings, and to-night will appear in Fort Atkinson, to-morrow night at Brodhead, and Wednesday night at Monroe. She will soon return to her duties as instructor in Lawrence University, where she is doing almost too much hard work for her strength, but is meeting with a large share of success.

Home Comforts, Moderate rates, Aston House, NEW YORK.

ABOUT THE ASSOCIATION.

The third quarterly meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city, was held yesterday afternoon in the Jackson Street Methodist church. There was a goodly student audience present, and the meeting was full of interest. The opening services consisted of singing, reading of the Scriptures by Rev. Mr. Chapell, and prayer by Rev. Mr. Sewell.

The Secretary's report for the quarter was read, showing that there had been 32 meetings held, and two lectures given under the auspices of the Association. [There had been \$53.91 raised for the Association work.]

Mr. W. E. Lewis, the State Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., was present, and gave a very able address, in which he gave some of the reasons why such an association should be maintained. Among the reasons were, that it was doing a work no other Christian organization was doing, and that it was the only common ground where the different churches could unite in active, organized work. He closed with a very earnest appeal to the Christian young men, not already members of the Association, to unite, and lend their influence and give their aid to the work.

CLEVELAND FIREMEN.

Mr. G. M. Hanchett has just returned from a two weeks' business trip, in which he went as far east as Pittsburgh and as far south as Louisville. While in Cleveland he had the privilege of seeing Engine Company No. 4 and Hook & Ladder Company No. 2, go through their practice drill one evening. Several hitch-ups were made to show time. The horses stood in their stalls unharmed, and at the tap of a gong the stable doors flew open, the horses rushed to their places at the pole, the harnesses were let down from just above the horses, the snaps were caught, the driver in his seat, and all ready to drive out, time being seven seconds, by a stop watch and another gentleman by a stop watch making it six and a half seconds. Seven seconds is the best time they have made, but they have made it often enough to assure all that they can really get in trim for street work inside of that even. Mr. Hanchett was greatly pleased by the efficiency shown in drill, and the courteous treatment which visitors receive at the hands of the company.

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE.

Transfers of real estate filed for record in the office of Register of Deeds, C. L. Valentine:

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 11.

L. S. Williams to W. H. Williams, 2 1/2 acres in section 34, Newark, \$125 00

W. H. Williams to L. S. Williams, 10 acres in section 34, Newark, 250 00

THURSDAY, FEB. 12.

Jane A. Dodd to Jacob Hendrix, 40 acres, section 12, Fulton, 443 00

FRIDAY, FEB. 13.

Joseph Williams to John Higgin, part of lot 8, block 10, Swift's Addition to Edgemoor, 115 00

SATURDAY, FEB. 14.

Juliette A. Flagler to Edward Keating part of lot 24, Mitchell's Addition to Janesville, 210 00

O. E. Merrill to H. D. Adams, lot 72, Hackett's Addition to Beloit, 2 800 00

William Turner to John Honeysett, 10 acres in section 11, Spring Valley, 157 50

E. A. Stevens to H. S. Stevens, 100 acres in sections 26 & 33, Center, 2 800 00

E. F. Waller to J. K. P. Waller, 10 acres in section 31, Avon, 500 00

MONDAY, FEB. 16.

Luman Newkirk to E. W. Roberts, village lot in Union, 145 00

A. BONANZA for druggists. ST. JACOB'S OIL.

## TO-NIGHT'S TREAT.

The entertainment this evening at the Opera house will prove a sufficiently rich treat to merit a crowded house. Miss Guernsey as an impersonator has so much of merit that here, at her own home, few words are needed in her praise. She has at a great outlay of time and money added culture to her native gifts, and is fully able to entertain any audience however critical. Her many friends here, who have watched her career with so much interest, will have to-night an opportunity of gratifying their desire to hear her, and to express by their presence the encouragement to which she is entitled. When last she appeared before a Janesville audience she met with great favor, and since then she has still further developed her elocutionary skill and powers, so there is just ground for expecting some really excellent work. The musical features of the evening are very attractive also, as will be seen by a glance at the programme:

Fantasia La Favorite. De Vilbasc.  
Prof. C. G. Titcomb and Miss Jessie Crosby.  
Scene from "Black House." Dickens.  
Miss Guernsey.

Cheerfulness (by request). T. Gumbert.  
Mrs. H. A. Smith and Mrs. C. B. Conrad.  
"The Most Miserable Man in the World." Miss Guernsey.

"Recollections of Home." S. B. Mills.  
Miss Crosby.

A Scene from "Tempest." Shakespeare.  
"That Naughty Little Girl." Miss Guernsey.

"Marguerite." J. E. Perring.  
Mrs. H. A. Smith.

Scene from "Faust." Goethe.  
Miss Guernsey.

"The Kasper." Mrs. H. A. Smith.  
Mrs. Smith, Miss Hattie A. Dearborn, Mrs. Conrad.

"The Steeple Race." Miss Guernsey.

Beware of Malaria.

The prevalence of malarial diseases in country and town indicates a danger to which we are all exposed. These diseases are easy to contract and hard to eradicate. By Warner's Safe Pills neutralize the poison and cure them. And they are equally effective against all bilious troubles.

THE WEATHER.

REPORTED BY PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS.

The thermometer at 6 o'clock last night stood at 40 degrees above zero; at 1 o'clock a. m. to-day at 30 degrees above; at 7 o'clock a. m. at 30 degrees above; and at 1 o'clock p. m. at 47 degrees above Clear.

The indications to-day are, for the upper lake region, upper Mississippi, and lower Missouri valleys slightly warmer clear or fair weather, in southern portions, and in northern portions light snow, winds generally from southeast to southwest, and during the day slowly falling barometer.

An Elegant Preparation designed to meet the public want for a harmless hair dressing and restorative, is found in Parker's Hair Balsam. It acts like magic, commencing at the very roots, removes dandruff and all humors from the scalp, and never fails to restore gray or faded hair to its original youthful color and beauty. Falling hair is immediately checked by its use, and it produces a growth of beautiful young hair, soft, glossy and luxuriant, that surprises everyone. These properties added to its exquisite perfume and purity of composition, render it the growing favorite at the toilet table everywhere. Sold in large bottles at only 50 cents and \$1.00 by all first-class druggists.

CITY NOTICES.

JOSEPH A. EVANS, at Clinton, N. B., thus writes to Mr. Fellows:—"I believe, under kind Providence, that Mr. Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites has been the means of restoring both my wife and daughter. The latter from Tubercular Consumption, and I hope the all cited will avail themselves of its use."

LOCAL MATTERS.

Fits.—All Fits are stopped free by Dr. Kline's FIT CURE AND GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. 901 ARCH ST., Philadelphia, Pa. feb16daw3m

Ladies' and Gents' Stationery.

For a good article of Writing Paper, Envelope & Pens, Ink, &c., at reasonable prices, call at Sutherland's Bookstore. feb16daw1y

Wanted.

Sherman & Co., Marshall, Mich., want an agent in this county at once, at a salary of \$100 per month and expenses paid. For full particulars, address as above. nov17daw1y

The Famous Bethesda.

R. Dunbar's Celebrated Bethesda Water of Waukegan, Wis.—The marvel of the age and acknowledged by the medical world as a specific for diabetes, Bright's disease, and all kindred diseases. For sale by E. B. Helmsstreet, Janesville, Wis. oct17daw1m

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City. jan16daw1y

Tonic.

Every one, at times, feels the necessity of some restorative of the vital powers, depressed by mental or bodily exhaustion. In such conditions, let every one, instead of flying to the alcoholic or medicinal stimulants, which must be followed by depression equal to their excitement, reinvigorate his enervated system by the natural tonic elements of the FERRUGINOUS SYRUP.

Sold by all druggists. Sold in Janesville by Prentice & Evenson. feb16daw1w

We Beat France

In the article of teeth preservatives. These Frenchmen are wonderful workmen. Their fancy goods astonish, but they have never produced the peer of SOZODONT as a toilet article. It stands alone, unsurpassable. There is no tooth preparation so well known as SOZODONT.

"It holds on like Grim Death," has been altered read, "It holds like SPALDING'S GLEE."

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 35 cents a bottle.

To Justices of the Peace.

BLANKS FOR Justices of the Peace, Board new and convenient form. 67 Maple St. GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

## COMMERCIAL.

## JANESVILLE MARKET.

REPORTED FOR THE GAZETTE BY BUMP & GRAY GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, February 10.

Flour—Winter, \$1.75 per sack; Minnesota, \$1.90; Wisconsin, \$1.40. Patent \$2.00.

Rye Flour—\$2.25 per sack.

Wheat—Winter, 100 lb. 10; Good to best milling spring 100 lb. 10; shipping grades 35 2/5.

Barley—dull at 50 60c.

Wheat Bran—50c per 100; 50 00 per ton; Sack wheat bran 35c per 100 lbs; per ton \$7.00.

Meal—coarse, 35c per 100; bolted 35c per sack.

FEED—30c per 100 lbs.

MINNESOTA—70 1/2 100 lbs. Ton \$12.

Rye—in demand at 70 2/3c.

Barley—Good to firm samples 50 2/5c; common to fair quality 35 2/5c.

Corn—shelled per 60 lbs, 34 3/5c; new, ear or 75 lbs 34 3/5c.

Oats—White 31 2/3c; mixed 30 2/3c.

Ground Flour—70c per 100 lbs. Ton \$14.

Timothy Seed—in demand at \$1.20 1/2 50 per 40 pounds.

Clover Seed—dull at \$1.00 2/4 50 per bushel.

Potatoes—Peach Blows 35 2/4c; other varieties 30 2/3c.

Butter—good supply at 15 2/3c.

Eggs—in demand at 13 1/4c fresh.

Hides—Green, 7 1/2c; salted 10c; Dry, 12c 1/4.

Wool—Ranges at 35 2/3c; 1/4 off for unmerchantable.

Dressed Hogs.—range at \$4.00 1/2 100 lbs for light and heavy.

Sheep Fat.—Range at 75c 1/2 50c each.

Live Stock.—Cattle \$3.00 1/2 \$4.50 1/2 100 lbs; Hogs, 3 3/4 1/2 100 lbs.

Poultry—Turkeys 50 2/3c; Chickens 50 2/3c.

Chicago Market.

Chicago, February 14.

WHEAT—No 2 spring wheat Cash, 1 23c; No 3 spring wheat cash 1 19 1/4c.

CORN—No 2 cash, 85.

BARLEY—Extra No. 3 cash, 45 1/2c.

PORK—cash new, \$11.00.

LARD—cash \$7.15.

LIVE HOGS—3 40 2/4c according to grade.

BUTTER—25 2/3c 30 2/4c 10 2/4c, according to quality.

EGGS—9 1/2c; according to quality.

EGGS—Fresh 13c.

HAY—Timothy No 1, at \$12.00 13 00 1/2 ton; No 2 at 11 75 1/2 10.

WHEAT—1 07.

WOOL—Tub-washed, poor conditioned and common coarse to choice medium, 15 2/4c; unwashed, fine, 25 2/3c; do, coarse to medium, 33 1/2c; fleece washed, according to grade and condition, 25 2/3c. Dings, heavy and damaged lots sell at a discount of 30 2/5c per lb.

Milwaukee Grain Market.

Milwaukee, February 14.

Flour—dull and drooping.

Wheat—dull; opened at an advance of 1/4c closed firm; No 1 Milwaukee hard \$1.24c; No 1 Milwaukee \$1.23c; No 2 do \$1.20c; February \$1.20c; March \$1.21c; April \$1.22c; No 3 \$1.17c; No 4 \$1.13c; rejected 9c.

CORN—No 2 31 1/2c.

OATS—No 2 21 1/2c.

RYE—No 1 14 1/2c.

BARLEY—No 2 spring 70.

PORK—meat cash new, \$11.40.

LARD—prime steam \$7.10.

New York Monetary Market.

New York, February 14.

Money; 5 per cent.

Sterling exchange bankers' bills \$4.83 sight.

Exchange on New York 4.85 1/2.

Governments active.

State bonds dull.

Stocks active.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

INSURANCE.

JOHN G. SANE.

Represents 16 of the most substantial Fire Insurance Companies of Europe and United States.

Also Agent for the Home Life and the Mutual Protection Association of Wisconsin, the most reliable insurance association in the West. Has firms in Rock county and elsewhere to exchange for city property, and money to loan.

MISCELLANEOUS.

E. V. WHITON & CO.

(Successors to A. Palmer & Son.)

GENERAL DEALERS IN

DRUGS!

PATENT MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Glass,

PURTY, VARNISHES and

MACHINE Oils

We keep a large stock of

FANCY & TOILET Articles!

BRUSHES OF ALL KINDS,

HANDKERCHIEF EXTRACTS,

COLOGNES, HAIR OILS,

TRUSSES AND

SHOULDER BRACES.

Call and See Us!

ad we will try and make it for your interest to do your trading at

Palmer's Old Stand

sept16daw1y

OUR STOCK

—OF—

VEGETABLES EMBRACE

Potatoes, Cabbages,

Turnips, Beets,

Parsnips, Onions,

Vegetable Oysters,

Carrots and

Hubbard Squash.

C. F. Randall & Co.

feb16daw1y

BLANKS!

FOR,

Constables' Accounts with Rock County

AT GAZETTE OFFICE. my16daw1y

## MISCELLANEOUS.